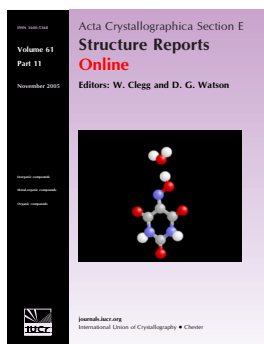


4-Methyl-*N*-[(5-nitrothiophen-2-yl)methylidene]aniline

Mingjian Cai, Xiuge Wang and Tao Sun

Acta Cryst. (2011). **E67**, o2218

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4-Methyl-*N*-[(5-nitrothiophen-2-yl)-methylidene]aniline

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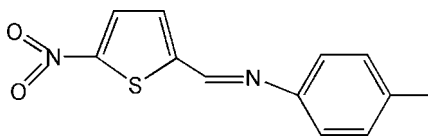
Received 12 July 2011; accepted 27 July 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 113$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}—\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$, is a Schiff base formed from *p*-toluidine and 5-nitrothiophene-2-carbaldehyde. The $\text{C}=\text{N}$ bond adopts an *E* configuration. The benzene and thiophene rings form a dihedral angle of $9.2(1)^\circ$.

Related literature

For the use of Schiff bases as polydentate ligands, see: Bourget-Merle *et al.* (2002); Halbach & Hamaker (2006); Meiswinkel & Werner (2004); Xiao *et al.* (2006); Lagadic (2006). For their biological activity, see: Siddiqui *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$

$M_r = 246.28$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

$a = 4.7606(4)$ Å

$b = 22.415(2)$ Å

$c = 10.7008(15)$ Å

$\beta = 92.566(13)^\circ$
 $V = 1140.7(2)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.27$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 113$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724 CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku/MSC, 2002)
 $T_{\min} = 0.947$, $T_{\max} = 0.968$

14437 measured reflections
 2699 independent reflections
 2325 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$
 $S = 1.09$
 2699 reflections

155 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Crystal Impact, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2006).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LD2020).

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supplementary materials

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4-Methyl-*N*-[(5-nitrothiophen-2-yl)methylidene]aniline

M. Cai, X. Wang and T. Sun

Comment

In recent years, heterocycle-containing Schiff bases have gained much attention as versatile polydentate ligands suitable for various metal chelations resulting in a variety of interesting coordination modes (Xiao *et al.*, 2006; Bourget-Merle *et al.*, 2002; Meiswinkel & Werner, 2004; Halbach & Hamaker, 2006; Lagadic, 2006). They also represent an important class of biologically active compounds (Siddiqui *et al.*, 2006). Herein, we report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound (I), a new heterocycle-containing Schiff base. The molecular structure of (I) is shown on Fig. 1. In the molecule of (I), the two aromatic benzene and thiophene rings form a dihedral angle of 9.2 (1)°. The deviation from planarity can be explained by steric repulsion between the phenyl ring and methylene group.

Experimental

The solution of *p*-toluidine and 5-nitrothiophene-2-carbaldehyde in methanol was stirred for 10 h at ambient temperature. Then the crude product was isolated by filtration and recrystallized from methanol to yield yellowish title compound. Finally, the compound was dissolved in a small amount of acetone and the solution was kept for 3 days at ambient temperature to give rise to yellowish needle-like crystals by slowly evaporating the solvent.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å), and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ of the adjacent carbon atom (1.5 U_{eq} for methyl hydrogens). The positions of methyl hydrogens were rotationally optimized (AFIX 137).

Figures

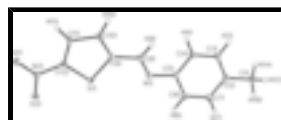


Fig. 1. View of the molecule of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

4-Methyl-*N*-[(5-nitrothiophen-2-yl)methylidene]aniline

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$

$M_r = 246.28$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

$a = 4.7606$ (4) Å

$b = 22.415$ (2) Å

$c = 10.7008$ (15) Å

$F(000) = 512$

$D_x = 1.434$ Mg m^{−3}

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4173 reflections

$\theta = 1.8$ –27.9°

$\mu = 0.27$ mm^{−1}

supplementary materials

$$\beta = 92.566 (13)^\circ$$

$$V = 1140.7 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$$

$$Z = 4$$

$$T = 113 \text{ K}$$

Prism, colorless

$$0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724 CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating anode
multilayer

Detector resolution: $14.22 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω and ϕ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku/MSO, 2002)

$$T_{\min} = 0.947, T_{\max} = 0.968$$

14437 measured reflections

2699 independent reflections

2325 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$$R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$$

$$\theta_{\max} = 27.9^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$$

$$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$$

$$k = -29 \rightarrow 29$$

$$l = -13 \rightarrow 14$$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.098$$

$$S = 1.09$$

2699 reflections

155 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0505P)^2 + 0.1298P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. Rigaku *CrystalClear*-SM Expert 2.0 r2

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.12948 (8)	0.223694 (17)	0.24141 (3)	0.01725 (12)

O1	−0.4301 (2)	0.10562 (5)	0.14443 (11)	0.0279 (3)
O2	−0.2638 (2)	0.13512 (5)	0.32720 (10)	0.0257 (3)
N1	0.5743 (3)	0.32247 (6)	0.21001 (11)	0.0170 (3)
N2	−0.2748 (3)	0.13695 (6)	0.21144 (12)	0.0200 (3)
C1	1.3858 (3)	0.51381 (7)	0.21589 (19)	0.0294 (4)
H1A	1.5510	0.5020	0.1704	0.044*
H1B	1.4432	0.5230	0.3028	0.044*
H1C	1.2998	0.5492	0.1763	0.044*
C2	1.1750 (3)	0.46324 (7)	0.21303 (16)	0.0220 (3)
C3	1.0879 (3)	0.43701 (7)	0.10002 (15)	0.0223 (3)
H3	1.1645	0.4507	0.0248	0.027*
C4	0.8909 (3)	0.39115 (7)	0.09487 (14)	0.0197 (3)
H4	0.8337	0.3742	0.0164	0.024*
C5	0.7759 (3)	0.36966 (7)	0.20461 (14)	0.0169 (3)
C6	0.8680 (3)	0.39494 (7)	0.31778 (14)	0.0199 (3)
H6	0.7965	0.3804	0.3935	0.024*
C7	1.0628 (3)	0.44113 (7)	0.32203 (16)	0.0233 (4)
H7	1.1207	0.4579	0.4005	0.028*
C8	0.4454 (3)	0.30556 (7)	0.10888 (14)	0.0189 (3)
H8	0.4859	0.3248	0.0327	0.023*
C9	0.2385 (3)	0.25772 (7)	0.10682 (14)	0.0173 (3)
C10	0.1041 (3)	0.23474 (7)	0.00118 (14)	0.0208 (3)
H10	0.1382	0.2483	−0.0809	0.025*
C11	−0.0895 (3)	0.18913 (7)	0.02644 (14)	0.0194 (3)
H11	−0.2003	0.1683	−0.0354	0.023*
C12	−0.0955 (3)	0.17906 (7)	0.15201 (14)	0.0166 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0186 (2)	0.0195 (2)	0.01358 (19)	0.00044 (15)	−0.00004 (15)	−0.00052 (14)
O1	0.0285 (6)	0.0275 (6)	0.0275 (6)	−0.0102 (5)	−0.0009 (5)	−0.0022 (5)
O2	0.0313 (7)	0.0288 (6)	0.0174 (6)	−0.0008 (5)	0.0046 (5)	0.0029 (5)
N1	0.0166 (6)	0.0168 (6)	0.0174 (6)	0.0015 (5)	0.0004 (5)	0.0009 (5)
N2	0.0205 (7)	0.0200 (7)	0.0195 (7)	0.0020 (5)	0.0019 (5)	0.0003 (5)
C1	0.0210 (8)	0.0204 (8)	0.0472 (11)	−0.0026 (7)	0.0047 (8)	0.0001 (8)
C2	0.0153 (7)	0.0165 (8)	0.0345 (9)	0.0031 (6)	0.0018 (7)	0.0011 (7)
C3	0.0198 (8)	0.0211 (8)	0.0264 (8)	0.0025 (6)	0.0061 (7)	0.0057 (7)
C4	0.0202 (8)	0.0203 (8)	0.0187 (8)	0.0022 (6)	0.0008 (6)	−0.0005 (6)
C5	0.0134 (7)	0.0162 (7)	0.0210 (8)	0.0022 (6)	0.0002 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C6	0.0191 (7)	0.0218 (8)	0.0187 (7)	−0.0004 (6)	−0.0004 (6)	0.0023 (6)
C7	0.0222 (8)	0.0230 (8)	0.0245 (8)	−0.0011 (7)	−0.0025 (7)	−0.0018 (7)
C8	0.0194 (7)	0.0206 (8)	0.0168 (7)	0.0007 (6)	0.0019 (6)	0.0025 (6)
C9	0.0172 (7)	0.0189 (7)	0.0158 (7)	0.0018 (6)	0.0013 (6)	0.0005 (6)
C10	0.0211 (8)	0.0272 (8)	0.0142 (7)	−0.0010 (7)	0.0004 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C11	0.0185 (7)	0.0224 (8)	0.0173 (7)	−0.0005 (6)	0.0007 (6)	−0.0032 (6)
C12	0.0157 (7)	0.0168 (7)	0.0173 (7)	0.0007 (6)	0.0013 (6)	−0.0016 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C12	1.7237 (15)	C3—H3	0.9500
S1—C9	1.7298 (15)	C4—C5	1.403 (2)
O1—N2	1.2271 (16)	C4—H4	0.9500
O2—N2	1.2382 (16)	C5—C6	1.390 (2)
N1—C8	1.277 (2)	C6—C7	1.389 (2)
N1—C5	1.4312 (19)	C6—H6	0.9500
N2—C12	1.4398 (19)	C7—H7	0.9500
C1—C2	1.513 (2)	C8—C9	1.456 (2)
C1—H1A	0.9800	C8—H8	0.9500
C1—H1B	0.9800	C9—C10	1.374 (2)
C1—H1C	0.9800	C10—C11	1.411 (2)
C2—C3	1.391 (2)	C10—H10	0.9500
C2—C7	1.395 (2)	C11—C12	1.364 (2)
C3—C4	1.391 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C12—S1—C9	89.77 (7)	C4—C5—N1	125.10 (13)
C8—N1—C5	118.86 (13)	C7—C6—C5	121.08 (15)
O1—N2—O2	124.27 (13)	C7—C6—H6	119.5
O1—N2—C12	118.08 (13)	C5—C6—H6	119.5
O2—N2—C12	117.65 (13)	C6—C7—C2	121.15 (15)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C6—C7—H7	119.4
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C2—C7—H7	119.4
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	N1—C8—C9	122.04 (14)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	N1—C8—H8	119.0
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C8—H8	119.0
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C9—C8	125.35 (14)
C3—C2—C7	117.78 (14)	C10—C9—S1	111.94 (12)
C3—C2—C1	120.39 (15)	C8—C9—S1	122.70 (11)
C7—C2—C1	121.84 (15)	C9—C10—C11	113.47 (14)
C4—C3—C2	121.40 (15)	C9—C10—H10	123.3
C4—C3—H3	119.3	C11—C10—H10	123.3
C2—C3—H3	119.3	C12—C11—C10	110.57 (14)
C3—C4—C5	120.55 (14)	C12—C11—H11	124.7
C3—C4—H4	119.7	C10—C11—H11	124.7
C5—C4—H4	119.7	C11—C12—N2	125.62 (14)
C6—C5—C4	118.01 (14)	C11—C12—S1	114.25 (12)
C6—C5—N1	116.87 (13)	N2—C12—S1	120.10 (11)
C7—C2—C3—C4	1.4 (2)	N1—C8—C9—S1	5.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−178.92 (14)	C12—S1—C9—C10	0.04 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C5	−0.6 (2)	C12—S1—C9—C8	179.15 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−0.9 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	−179.16 (14)
C3—C4—C5—N1	−179.45 (13)	S1—C9—C10—C11	−0.08 (17)
C8—N1—C5—C6	167.13 (14)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.09 (19)
C8—N1—C5—C4	−14.3 (2)	C10—C11—C12—N2	178.01 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C7	1.6 (2)	C10—C11—C12—S1	−0.06 (17)
N1—C5—C6—C7	−179.80 (14)	O1—N2—C12—C11	2.7 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C2	−0.7 (2)	O2—N2—C12—C11	−176.72 (14)

C3—C2—C7—C6	−0.8 (2)	O1—N2—C12—S1	−179.35 (11)
C1—C2—C7—C6	179.55 (14)	O2—N2—C12—S1	1.25 (18)
C5—N1—C8—C9	179.73 (13)	C9—S1—C12—C11	0.01 (12)
N1—C8—C9—C10	−175.90 (15)	C9—S1—C12—N2	−178.17 (12)

Fig. 1

